#### COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

**THEORY:** 5 Credits (100 hours) – includes lab hours also

**PRACTICUM:** Clinical: 2 Credit (160 hours)

**DESCRIPTION**: This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

#### **COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Demonstrate beginning practice competencies/skills relevant to provide comprehensive primary health care/community-based care to clients with common diseases and disorders including emergency and first aid care at home/clinics/centres as per predetermined protocols/drug standing orders approved by MOH&FW
- 2. Provide maternal, newborn and child care, and reproductive health including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings
- 3. Describe the methods of collection and interpretation of demographic data
- 4. Explain population control and its impact on the society and describe the approaches towards limiting family size
- 5. Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programs
- 6. Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services
- 7. Participate in screening for mental health problems in the community and providing appropriate referral services
- 8. Discuss the methods of data collection for HMIS, analysis and interpretation of data
- 9. Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention
- 10. Describe the management system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas
- 11. Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management and maintenance of records & reports
- 12. Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs
- 13. Identify the roles and responsibilities of health team members and explain their job description
- 14. Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management
- 15. Demonstrate skills in proper bio-medical waste management as per protocols
- 16. Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies

## COURSE OUTLINE

## $\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	10 (T)	Explain nurses' role in identification, primary management and referral of clients with common disorders/ conditions and emergencies including first aid	Management of common conditions and emergencies including first aid  Standing orders: Definition, uses  Screening, diagnosing/ identification, primary care and referral of Gastrointestinal System  Abdominal pain  Nausea and vomiting  Diarrhea  Constipation  Jaundice  GI bleeding  Abdominal distension  Dysphagia and dyspepsia  Aphthous ulcers  Respiratory System  Acute upper respiratory infections – Rhinitis, Sinusitis, Pharyngitis, Laryngitis, Tonsillitis  Acute lower respiratory infections – Bronchitis, pneumonia and bronchial asthma  Hemoptysis, Acute chest pain  Heart & Blood  Common heart diseases – Heart attack/coronary artery disease, heart failure, arrhythmia  Blood anemia, blood cancers, bleeding disorders  Eye & ENT conditions  Eye – local infections, redness of eye, conjunctivitis, stye, trachoma and refractive errors  ENT – Epistaxis, ASOM, sore throat, deafness  Urinary System  Urinary System  Urinary tract infections – cystitis, pyelonephritis, prostatitis, UTIs in children  First aid in common emergency conditions – Review  High fever, low blood sugar, minor injuries, fractures, fainting, bleeding, shock, stroke, bites, burns, choking, seizures, RTAs, poisoning, drowning and foreign bodies	Lecture     Discussion     Demonstration     Role play     Suggested field visits     Field practice     Assessment of clients with common conditions and provide referral	<ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>Field visit reports</li> <li>OSCE assessment</li> </ul>

Unit	Time Learning (Hrs) Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Reproductive, maternal, newborn, child and adolescent Health (Review from OBG Nursing and application in community setting)  • Present situation of reproductive, maternal and child health in India  Antenatal care  • Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling  • Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy  • Antenatal care at health centre level  • Birth preparedness  • High risk approach – Screening/early identification and primary management of complications – Antepartum hemorrhage, pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, Anemia, Gestational diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism, Syphilis  • Referral, follow up and maintenance of records and reports  Intra natal care  • Normal labour – process, onset, stages of labour  • Monitoring and active management of different stages of labour  • Care of women after labour  • Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up – preterm labour, fetal distress, prolonged and obstructed labour, vaginal & perennial tears, ruptured uterus  • Care of newborn immediately after birth  • Maintenance of records and reports  • Use of Safe child birth check list  • SBA module – Review  • Organization of labour room  Postpartum care  • Objectives, Postnatal visits, care of mother and baby, breast feeding, diet during lactation, and health counseling  • Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up of complications, Danger signs-postpartum hemorrhage,		1

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Newborn and child care		
			Review: Essential newborn care		
			Management of common neonatal problems		
			<ul> <li>Management of common child health problems: Pneumonia, Diarrhoea, Sepsis, screening for congenital anomalies and referral</li> </ul>		
			Review: IMNCI Module		
			Under five clinics		
			Adolescent Health		
			Common health problems and risk factors in adolescent girls and boys		
			Common Gynecological conditions – dysmenoorhea, Premenstrual Syndrome (PMS), Vaginal discharge, Mastitis, Breast lump, pelvic pain, pelvic organ prolapse		
			Teenage pregnancy, awareness about legal age of marriage, nutritional status of adolescents National Menstrual Hygiene scheme		
		Promote adolescent	Youth friendly services:		
		health and youth friendly services	o SRH Service needs		
		irinary services	<ul> <li>Role and attitude of nurses: Privacy, confidentiality, non judgemental attitude, client autonomy, respectful care and communication</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Screen, manage and refer adolescents</li> <li>Counsel adolescents</li> </ul>	
			Counseling for parents and teenagers (BCS     – balanced counseling strategy)		
			National Programs		
			RMNCH+A Approach – Aims, Health systems strengthening, RMNCH+A strategies, Interventions across life stages, program management, monitoring and evaluation systems		
			Universal Immunization Program (UIP) as per Government of India guidelines – Review		
			Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakaram (RSBK) -children		
			Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram (RKSK) – adolscents		
			Any other new programs		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	4 (T)	Discuss the concepts and scope of demography	Demography, Surveillance and Interpretation of Data  Demography and vital statistics — demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics  Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, the causes and social implications  Sources of vital statistics — Census, registration of vital events, sample registration system  Morbidity and mortality indicators — Definition, calculation and interpretation  Surveillance, Integrated disease surveillance project (IDSP), Organization of IDSP, flow of information and mother and child tracking system (MCTS) in India  Collection, analysis, interpretation, use of data  Review: Common sampling techniques — random and nonrandom techniques	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Suggested field visits</li> <li>Field practice</li> </ul>	• Short answer • Essay
IV	6 (T)	Discuss population explosion and its impact on social and economic development of India  Describe the various methods of population control	<ul> <li>Disaggregation of data</li> <li>Population and its Control</li> <li>Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country.</li> <li>Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development</li> <li>Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc.), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy)</li> <li>Emergency Contraception</li> <li>Counseling in reproductive, sexual health including problems of adolescents</li> <li>Medical Termination of pregnancy and MTP Act</li> <li>National Population Stabilization Fund/JSK (Jansankhya Sthirata Kosh)</li> <li>Family planning 2020</li> <li>National Family Welfare Program</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Suggested field visits</li> <li>Field practice</li> </ul>	Short answer     Essay     OSCE assessment     Counseling on family planning
v	5 (T)	Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in	<ul> <li>Role of a nurse in Family Welfare Program</li> <li>Occupational Health</li> <li>Occupational health hazards</li> <li>Occupational diseases</li> <li>ESI Act</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Demonstration</li><li>Role play</li></ul>	Essay     Short answer     Clinical performance

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		occupational health programs	National/ State Occupational Health Programs	Suggested field visits	Evaluation
			Role of a nurse in occupational health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems	Field practice	
VI	6 (T)	Identify health	Geriatric Health Care	• Lecture	Visit report on
		problems of older adults and provide	Health problems of older adults	Discussion	elderly home
		primary care, counseling and supportive health	Management of common geriatric ailments: counseling, supportive treatment of older adults	Demonstration	Essay     Short answer
		services	Organization of geriatric health services		
			National program for health care of elderly (NPHCE)		
			State level programs/Schemes for older adults		
			Role of a community health nurse in geriatric health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of older adults with health problems		
VII	6 (T)	Describe screening	Mental Health Disorders	• Lecture	• Essay
		for mental health problems in the community, take	Screening, management, prevention and referral for mental health disorders	Discussion     Demonstration	Short answer     Counseling
		preventive	Review:	Role play	report
		measures and provide appropriate referral services	Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis, Schizophrenia	Health counseling on promotion of	
			o Dementia	mental health	
			o Suicide	Suggested field	
			Alcohol and substance abuse	visits	
			Drug deaddiction program	Field practice	
			National Mental Health Program		
			o National Mental Health Policy		
			National Mental Health Act		
			Role of a community health nurse in screening, initiation of treatment and follow up of mentally ill clients		
VIII	4 (T)	Discuss about effective	Health Management Information System (HMIS)	Lecture     Discussion	Group project report
		management of health information in community	Introduction to health management system: data elements, recording and reporting formats, data quality issues	Demonstration	Essay     Short answer
		diagnosis and intervention	• Review:	Role play	
			Basic Demography and vital statistics	Suggested field visits	
			Sources of vital statistics	Field practice	
				Group project on community diagnosis – data	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Collection, analysis, interpretation of data     Analysis of data for community needs assessment and preparation of health action plan	management	
IX	12 (T)	Describe the system management of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas	Management of delivery of community health services:  Planning, budgeting and material management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC  Manpower planning as per IPHS standards  Rural: Organization, staffing and material management of rural health services provided by Government at village, SC/HWC, PHC, CHC, hospitals – district, state and central  Urban: Organization, staffing, and functions of urban health services provided by Government at slums, dispensaries, special clinics, municipal and corporate hospitals  Defense services  Institutional services  Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics, Alternative health care system referral systems, Indigenous health services	Lecture     Discussion     Visits to various health care delivery systems     Supervised field practice	• Essay • Short answer • Filed visit reports
X	15 (T)	leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management  Describe the roles	<ul> <li>Leadership, Supervision and Monitoring</li> <li>Understanding work responsibilities/job description of DPHN, Health Visitor, PHN, MPHW (Female), Multipurpose health Worker (Male), AWWs and ASHA</li> <li>Roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs)</li> <li>Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Committees (VHSNC): objectives, composition and roles &amp; responsibilities</li> <li>Health team management</li> <li>Review: Leadership &amp; supervision – concepts, principles &amp; methods</li> <li>Leadership in health: leadership approaches in healthcare setting, taking control of health of community and organizing health camps, village clinics</li> <li>Training, Supportive supervision and monitoring – concepts, principles and process e.g. performance of frontline health workers</li> <li>Financial Management and Accounting &amp; Computing at Health Centers (SC)</li> <li>Activities for which funds are received</li> </ul>	Lecture     Discussion     Demonstration     Role play     Suggested field visits     Field practice	Report on interaction with MPHWs, HVs, ASHA, AWWs     Participation in training programs     Essay     Short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			o Accounting and book keeping requirements  - accounting principles & policies, book of accounts to be maintained, basic accounting entries, accounting process, payments & expenditure, fixed asset, SOE reporting format, utilization certificate (UC) reporting		
			o Preparing a budget		
			o Audit		
			Records & Reports:		
			Concepts of records and reports – importance, legal implications, purposes, use of records, principles of record writing, filing of records		
			Types of records – community related records, registers, guidelines for maintaining		
			Report writing – purposes, documentation of activities, types of reports		
			Medical Records Department – functions, filing and retention of medical records		
			Electronic Medical Records (EMR) —     capabilities and components of EMR,     electronic health record (EHR), levels of     automation, attributes, benefits and     disadvantages of HER		
			Nurses' responsibility in record keeping and reporting		
XI	6 (T)	Demonstrate	Disaster Management	• Lecture	
		initiative in preparing	Disaster types and magnitude	Discussion	
		themselves and the community for	Disaster preparedness	Demonstration	
		disaster	Emergency preparedness	Role play	
		preparedness and management	Common problems during disasters and methods to overcome	Suggested field visits, and field	
			Basic disaster supplies kit	practice	
			Disaster response including emergency      The response and Life response to the increase.	Mock drills	
			relief measures and Life saving techniques Use disaster management module	Refer Disaster module (NDMA)     National     Discourse (NDMA)	
				Disaster/INC – Reaching out in emergencies	
XII	3 (T)	Describe the	Bio-Medical Waste Management	• Lecture cum	Field visit
		importance of bio- medical waste management, its	Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the community	Discussion     Field visit to waste management site	report
		process and management	Waste management in health center/clinics	management site	
		_	Bio-medical waste management guidelines     - 2016, 2018 (Review)		
XIII	3 (T)	Explain the roles and functions of	Health Agencies	• Lecture	• Essay

Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	various national and international health agencies	International: WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commission, Red Cross, USAID, UNESCO, ILO, CAR, CIDA, JHPIEGO, any other     National: Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other      Voluntary Health Association of India (VHA)	Discussion     Field visits	Short answer

## COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II

Clinical practicum – 2 credits (160 hours)

# CLINICAL POSTINGS (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

Clinical Area	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Urban	2 Weeks	Assess and provide antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and new-born care  Promote adolescent health	Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with common conditions/ emergencies  Assessment (physical & nutritional) of antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and newborn  Conduction of normal delivery at health center  Newborn care  Counsel adolescents  Family planning counselling  Distribution of temporary contraceptives — condoms, OCP's, emergency contraceptives	<ul> <li>Screening, diagnosing, Primary management and care based on standing orders/protocols approved by MOH&amp;FW</li> <li>Minor ailments – 2</li> <li>Emergencies – 1</li> <li>Dental problems – 1</li> <li>Eye problems – 1</li> <li>Ear, nose, and throat problems – 1</li> <li>High risk pregnant woman – 1</li> <li>High risk neonate – 1</li> <li>Assessment of antenatal – 1, intrapartum – 1, postnatal – 1 and newborn – 1</li> <li>Conduction of normal delivery at health center and documentation – 2</li> <li>Immediate newborn care and documentation – 1</li> <li>Adolescent counseling – 1</li> <li>Family planning counselling –</li> </ul>	Clinical performance assessment  OSCE during posting  Final clinical examination (University)  Clinical performance assessment  OSCE

Clinical Area	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			Clinical Skills		
		Provide family welfare services	Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems	Family case study – 1 (Rural/Urban)	Family Case study evaluation
		Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with occupational health problem	Health assessment of elderly	Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational	
		Screen, assess and manage elderly with	Mental health screening	health problems – 1	Clinical performance evaluation
		health problems and refer appropriately	Participation in	Health assessment (Physical & nutritional) of elderly – 1	
		Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients who are mentally unhealthy	Community diagnosis – data management	Mental health screening survey     1	• OSCE
		Participate in community diagnosis – data management	Writing health center activity report      Organizing and conducting	Group project: Community diagnosis – data management	
		Participate in health centre activities	clinics/camp     Participation in disaster mock drills	Write report on health center activities – 1	
		Organize and conduct clinics/health camps in the community		Organizing and conducting     Antenatal/under-five     clinic/Health camp – 1	Project evaluation
		Prepare for disaster preparedness and management		Participation in disaster mock drills	
		Recognize the importance and observe the biomedical waste management process		Field visit to bio-medical waste management site	
				Visit to AYUSH clinic	

# MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING - II including Safe Delivery App Module

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical: 4 Credits (320 Hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of obstetric and gynecology nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to high risk woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings and help to develop skills in initial management and referral of high risk neonates. It would also help students to gain knowledge, attitude and skills in caring for women with gynecological disorders.

### **COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and respectful maternity care of women with high risk pregnancy.
- 2. Demonstrate competency in identifying deviation from normal pregnancy.
- 3. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with high risk labour.
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in the initial management of complications during the postnatal period.
- 7. Demonstrate competency in providing care for high risk newborn.
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for high risk women and their families.
- 9. Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.
- 10. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures.
- 11. Describe the drugs used in obstetrics and gynecology.
- 12. Counsel and care for couples with infertility.
- 13. Describe artificial reproductive technology.

## COURSE OUTLINE

# $T-Theory,\,SL/L-Skill\,Lab,\,C-Clinical$

I 12 (T) 10 (L) 80 (C) Support women with problems during pregnancy  Support women with complicated pregnancy and facilitate safe and positive birthing outcome  Support women with complicated pregnancy and facilitate safe and positive birthing outcome  Support women with complicated pregnancy and facilitate safe and positive birthing outcome  Support women with complicated pregnancy and facilitate safe and positive birthing outcome  Bleeding in early ectopic pregnancy  Unintended or more about the problems during Froblems/Comple  Hyper-emesis gr  Bleeding in early ectopic pregnancy  Medical condition pregnancy – And eclampsia, Ecland disease, pulmona thyrotoxicosis, Sincompatibility  Infections in preinfection, bacter fungal, malaria in Surgical condition pregnancy – app
abdomen  COVID-19 & pr Hydramnios  Multiple pregnar Abnormalities of Intra uterine grow Intra uterine feta Gynaecological opregnancy  Mental health iss Adolescent pregnancy Elderly primi, gr

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Drugs used in management of high-risk pregnancies     Maintenance of records and reports		
II	20 (T) 15 (L) 80 (C)	Identify, provide initial management and refer women with problems during labour within the scope of midwifery practice.	Recognition and management of abnormal labour  Preterm labour – Prevention and management of preterm labour; (Use of antenatal corticosteroids in preterm labour)  Premature rupture of membranes  Malposition's and abnormal presentations (posterior position, breech, brow, face, shoulder)  Contracted Pelvis, Cephalo Pelvic Disproportion (CPD)  Disorders of uterine action – Prolonged labour, Precipitate labour, Dysfunctional labour  Complications of third stage – Retained placenta, Injuries to birth canal, Postpartum hemorrhage (bimanual compression of the uterus, aortic compression, uterine balloon tamponade)  Obstetric emergencies – Foetal distress, Ruptured uterus, Cord prolapse, Shoulder dystocia, Uterine inversion, Vasa previa, Obstetrical shock, Amniotic fluid embolism  Episiotomy and suturing  Obstetric procedures – Forceps delivery, Vacuum delivery, Version  Induction of labour – Medical & surgical  Caesarean section – indications and preparation  Nursing management of women undergoing  Obstetric operations and procedures  Drugs used in management of abnormal labour  Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics	Demonstration     Demonstration     Case discussion/presentation     Simulation     Role play     Drug presentation     Supervised clinical practice     WHO midwifery toolkit     GoI guidelines – use of uterotonics during labour, antenatal corticosteroids     GoI guidance note on prevention and management of PPH	Short answer     Objective type     Assessment of skills with check list     OSCE
III	9 (T) 5 (L) 40 (C)	Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.	Recognition and Management of postnatal problems  • Physical examination, identification of deviation from normal  • Puerperal complications and its management  • Puerperal pyrexia  • Puerperal sepsis	Lecture     Demonstration     Case discussion/presentation     Drug presentation     Supervised clinical practice	• Quiz • Simulation • Short answer • OSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			o Urinary complications		
			o Secondary Postpartum hemorrhage		
			o Vulval hematoma		
			Breast engorgement including mastitis/breast abscess, feeding problem		
			o Thrombophlebitis		
			o DVT		
			o Uterine sub involution		
			Vesico vaginal fistula (VVF), Recto vaginal fistula (RVF)		
			Postpartum depression/psychosis		
			Drugs used in abnormal puerperium		
			Policy about referral		
IV	7 (T) 5 (L)	Describe high risk neonates and their nursing	Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review)	Lecture     Discussion	Short answer     Objective type
	40 (C)	management	Models of newborn care in India –	Demonstration     Simulation	Assessment of skills with check list
			NBCC; SNCUs		
			Screening of high-risk newborn     Ductage of high-risk newborn	Case discussion/	
			Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control	presentation	• OSCE
			Prematurity, Post-maturity	Drug presentation	
			Low birth weight	Supervised Clinical practice	
			Kangaroo Mother Care	Integrated	
			Birth asphyxia/Hypoxic encephalopathy	Management of Neonatal Childhood Illnesses (IMNCI)	
			Neonatal sepsis		
			Hypothermia		
			Respiratory distress		
			Jaundice		
			Neonatal infections		
			High fever		
			Convulsions		
			Neonatal tetanus		
			Congenital anomalies		
			Baby of HIV positive mothers		
			Baby of Rh negative mothers		
			Birth injuries		
			SIDS (Sudden Infant Death Syndrome) prevention, Compassionate care		
			Calculation of fluid requirements, EBM/formula feeds/tube feeding		
			Home based newborn care program -		

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			community facility integration in newborn care		
			Decision making about management and referral		
			Bereavement counseling		
			Drugs used for high risk newborns		
			Maintenance of records and reports		
v	12 (T)	Describe the assessment and	Assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders		• Essay
	5 (L) 80 (C)	management of women with	Gynecological assessment – History and Physical assessment	Discussion     Demonstration	Short answer     Objective type
		gynecological disorders.	Breast Self-Examination	Case discussion/	Assessment of
			Congenital abnormalities of female	presentation	skills with check list
			reproductive system	Drug presentation	
			Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical	Videos, films	• OSCE
			manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and management of women	Simulated practice	
				Supervised Clinical	
			Menstrual abnormalities	practice	
			Abnormal uterine bleed	Visit to infertility clinic and ART centers	
			o Pelvic inflammatory disease		
			o Infections of the reproductive tract		
			Uterine displacement		
			o Endometriosis		
			Uterine and cervical fibroids and polyps		
			Tumors – uterine, cervical, ovarian, vaginal, vulval		
			o Cysts – ovarian, vulval		
			o Cystocele, urethrocele, rectocele		
			o Genitor-urinary fistulas		
			Breast disorders – infections, deformities, cysts, tumors		
			o HPV vaccination		
			o Disorders of Puberty and menopause		
			<ul> <li>Hormonal replacement therapy</li> </ul>		
			Assessment and management of couples with infertility		
			o Infertility – definition, causes		
			o Counseling the infertile couple		
			o Investigations – male and female		
			Artificial reproductive technology		
			<ul> <li>Surrogacy, sperm and ovum donation, cryopreservation</li> </ul>		

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			<ul> <li>Adoption – counseling, procedures</li> <li>Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence</li> <li>Drugs used in treatment of gynaecological disorders</li> </ul>		

Note: Complete safe delivery app during VII Semester.

# PRACTICUM

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL ARE GIVEN UNDER OBG NURSING – I

#### NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER
THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical Project: 40 hours

**DESCRIPTION**: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need-based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, students will be competent to

- 1. Identify research priority areas
- 2. Formulate research questions/problem statement/hypotheses
- 3. Review related literature on selected research problem and prepare annotated bibliography
- 4. Prepare sample data collection tool
- 5. Analyze and interpret the given data
- 6. Practice computing, descriptive statistics and correlation
- 7. Draw figures and types of graphs on given select data
- 8. Develop a research proposal
- 9. Plan and conduct a group/individual research project

#### COURSE OUTLINE

#### T - Theory, P - Practicum

Unit	Ti	me (Hrs.)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	
I	6		Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing Explain the steps of research process State the purposes and steps of Evidence Based Practice	Research and Research Process  Introduction and need for nursing research  Definition of Research & nursing research  Steps of scientific method  Characteristics of good research  Steps of Research process — overview  Evidence Based Practice — Concept, Meaning, Purposes, Steps of EBP Process and Barriers	Lecture cum Discussion      Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies      Identify research priorities on a given area/ specialty      List examples of Evidence Based Practice	Short answer     Objective type
Ш	2	8	Identify and state the research problem and objectives	Research Problem/Question  Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a good research problem Writing objectives and hypotheses	Lecture cum     Discussion     Exercise on writing     statement of     problem and     objectives	Short answer     Objective type     Formulation of research questions/ objectives/ hypothesis

Unit	Ti	me (Hrs.)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
III	2	6	Review the related literature	Review of Literature  Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc. Purposes Method of review	Lecture cum     Discussion     Exercise on     reviewing one     research report/     article for a selected     research problem     Prepare annotated     Bibliography	Short answer     Objective type     Assessment of review of literature on given topic presented
IV	4	1	Describe the Research approaches and designs	Research Approaches and Designs  • Historical, survey and experimental  • Qualitative and Quantitative designs	Lecture cum Discussion     Identify types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research     Studies with rationale	Short answer     Objective type
V	6	6	Explain the Sampling process  Describe the methods of data collection	<ul> <li>Sampling and data Collection</li> <li>Definition of Population, Sample</li> <li>Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques</li> <li>Data – why, what, from whom, when and where to collect</li> <li>Data collection methodsand instruments         <ul> <li>Methods of data collection</li> <li>Questioning, interviewing</li> <li>Observations, record analysis and measurement</li> <li>Types of instruments, Validity &amp; Reliability of the Instrument</li> </ul> </li> <li>Research ethics</li> <li>Pilot study</li> <li>Data collection procedure</li> </ul>	Lecture cum Discussion     Reading assignment on examples of data collection tools     Preparation of sample data collection tool     Conduct group research project	Short answer     Objective type     Developing questionnaire/ Interview Schedule/ Checklist
VI	4	6	Analyze, Interpret and summarize the research data	Analysis of data     Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data	Lecture cum     Discussion      Preparation of     sample tables	<ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Analyze and interpret given data</li> </ul>
VII	12	8	Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement	Introduction to Statistics     Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement.	Lecture cum     Discussion     Practice on	<ul><li> Short answer</li><li> Objective type</li><li> Computation of</li></ul>

Unit	Ti	me (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
			and graphical presentation of data  Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of Correlation	<ul> <li>Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data</li> <li>Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation</li> <li>Normal Probability and tests of significance</li> <li>Co-efficient of correlation</li> <li>Statistical packages and its application</li> </ul>	graphical presentations  • Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation	descriptive statistics
VIII	4	40 Hrs (Clinical Project)	Communicate and utilize the research findings		Lecture cum Discussion     Read/ Presentations of a sample published/ unpublished research report     Plan, conduct and Write individual/group research project	Short answer     Objective type     Oral     Presentation     Development of research     proposal     Assessment of research Project

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