## ADULT HEALTH NURSING - I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY

(including BCLS module)PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

**THEORY:** 7 Credits (140 hours)

**PRACTICUM:** Lab/Skill Lab (SL) – 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical – 6 Credits (480 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursingprocess approach and critical thinking. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive/palliative care to patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of Medical Surgical Nursing I course, students will be able to

- Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders.
- Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate theknowledge of anatomy, physiology and diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
- 3. Identify nursing diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan.
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care topatients.
- 5. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment andresponsibilities.
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting/performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders.
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions.
- 10. Plan and give relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics.
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital.
- 12. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.

## COURSE CONTENT

## $T-Theory, L/SL-Lab/Skill\ Lab$

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	6 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Narrate the evolution of medical surgical nursing  Apply nursing process in caring for patients with medical surgical problems  Execute the role of a nurse in various medical surgical setting	Introduction  Evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing  International classification of diseases  Roles and responsibility of a nurse in medical and surgical settings  Outpatient department  In-patient unit  Intensive care unit  Introduction to medical and surgical asepsis	Lecture cum discussion     Demonstration & Practice session     Role play     Visit to outpatient department, in patient and intensive care unit	Short Answer     OSCE
		Develop skills in assessment and care of wound	<ul> <li>Inflammation, infection</li> <li>Wound healing – stages, influencing factors</li> </ul>		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Develop competency in	Wound care and dressing technique		
		providing pre and	Care of surgical patient		
		postoperative care	o pre-operative		
			o post-operative		
			Alternative therapies used in caring for patients with Medical Surgical Disorders		

П	15 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain organizational set up of the operating theatre  Differentiate the role of scrub nurse and circulating nurse  Describe the different positioning for various surgeries  Apply principles of asepsis in handling the sterile equipment  Demonstrate skill in scrubbing procedures  Demonstrate skill in assessing the patient and document accurately the surgical safety checklist  Develop skill in assisting with selected surgeries  Explain the types, functions, and nursing considerations for different types of anaesthesia	Intraoperative Care  Organization and physical set up of the operation theatre Classification O.T Design Staffing Members of the OT team Duties and responsibilities of the nurse in OT  Position and draping for common surgical procedures Instruments, sutures and suture materials, equipment for common surgical procedures  Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Preparation of sets for common surgical procedures  Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Monitoring the patient during the procedures  Maintenance of the therapeutic environment in OT  Assisting in major and minor operation, handling specimen Prevention of accidents and hazards in OT  Anaesthesia – types, methods of administration, effects and stages, equipment & drugs Legal aspects	Lecture cum     Discussion     Demonstration,     Practice session, and     Case Discussion     Visit to receiving     bay	disinfectants used for instruments with the action and precaution
Ш	6 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Identify the signs and symptoms of shock and electrolyte imbalances  Develop skills in managing fluid and electrolyte imbalances	Nursing care of patients with common signs and symptoms and management  Fluid and electrolyte imbalance  Shock Pain	Lecture, discussion, demonstration     Case discussion	Short answer     MCQ     Case report

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Perform pain assessment and plans for the nursing management			
IV	18 (T) 4 (L)	Demonstrate skill in respiratory assessment  Differentiates different breath sounds and lists the indications  Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of common respiratory problems  Describe the health behaviour to be adopted in preventing respiratory illnesses	Nursing Management of patients with respiratory problems  Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system  Nursing Assessment – history taking, physical assessment and diagnostic tests  Common respiratory problems:  Upper respiratory tract infections Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases  Pleural effusion, Empyema Bronchiectasis Pneumonia Lung abscess Cyst and tumors Chest Injuries Acute respiratory distress syndrome Pulmonary embolism  Health behaviours to prevent respiratory illness	Lecture, discussion,     Demonstration     Practice session     Case presentation     Visit to PFT Lab	• Essay • Short answer • OSCE
V	16 (T) 5 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of gastrointestinal disorders  Demonstrate skill in gastrointestinal assessment  Prepare patient for upper and lower gastrointestinal investigations  Demonstrate skill in gastric decompression, gavage, and stoma care	Nursing Management of patients with disorders of digestive system  Review of anatomy and physiology of GI system  Nursing assessment –History and physical assessment  GI investigations  Common GI disorders: Oral cavity: lips, gums and teeth GI: Bleeding, Infections, Inflammation, tumors, Obstruction, Perforation & Peritonitis Peptic & duodenal ulcer, Mal-absorption, Appendicitis, Hernias Hemorrhoids, fissures, Fistulas Pancreas: inflammation, cysts, and tumors	Lecture, Discussion     Demonstration,     Role play     Problem Based Learning     Visit to stoma clinic	• Short answer • Quiz • OSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Demonstrate skill in different feeding techniques	Liver: inflammation, cysts, abscess, cirrhosis, portal hypertension, hepatic failure, tumors      Gall bladder: inflammation, Cholelithiasis, tumors      Gastric decompression, gavage and stoma care, different feeding techniques      Alternative therapies, drugs used in treatment of disorders of digestive system		
VI	20 (T) 5 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of cardiovascular disorders  Demonstrate skill in cardiovascular assessment  Prepare patient for invasive and non-invasive cardiac procedures  Demonstrate skill in monitoring and interpreting clinical signs related to cardiac disorders  Complete BLS/BCLS module	Nursing Management of patients with cardiovascular problems  Review of anatomy and physiology of cardio-vascular system  Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment  Invasive & non-invasive cardiac procedures  Disorders of vascular system- Hypertension, arteriosclerosis, Raynaud's disease, aneurysm and peripheral vascular disorders  Coronary artery diseases: coronary atherosclerosis, Angina pectoris, myocardial infarction  Valvular disorders: congenital and acquired  Rheumatic heart disease: pericarditis, myocarditis, endocarditis, cardiomyopathies  Cardiac dysrhythmias, heart block  Congestive heart failure, corpulmonale, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac tamponade  Cardiopulmonary arrest	Lecture, discussion     Demonstration     Practice session     Case Discussion     Health education     Drug Book/     presentation      Completion of     BCLS Module	Care plan     Drug record      BLS/ BCLS     evaluation
VII	7 (T) 3 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of hematological disorders  Interpret blood reports	Nursing Management of patients with disorders of blood  Review of Anatomy and Physiology of blood  Nursing assessment: history, physical assessment & Diagnostic tests  Anemia, Polycythemia  Bleeding Disorders: clotting factor defects and platelets defects, thalassemia, leukemia, leukopenia,	Field visit to blood bank     Counseling	Interpretation of blood reports     Visit report

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Prepare and provides health education on blood donation	agranulocytosis  • Lymphomas, myelomas		
VIII	8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of endocrine disorders  Demonstrate skill in assessment of endocrine organ dysfunction  Prepare and provides health education on diabetic diet  Demonstrate skill in insulin administration	Nursing management of patients with disorders of endocrine system  Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system  Nursing Assessment –History and Physical assessment  Disorders of thyroid and Parathyroid, Adrenal and Pituitary (Hyper, Hypo, tumors)  Diabetes mellitus	<ul> <li>Lecture, discussion, demonstration</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Case Discussion</li> <li>Health education</li> </ul>	Prepare health education on self-administration of insulin     Submits a diabetic diet plan
IX	8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of disorders of integumentary system  Demonstrate skill in integumentary assessment  Demonstrate skill in medicated bath  Prepare and provide health education on skin care	Nursing management of patients with disorders of Integumentary system  Review of anatomy and physiology of skin  Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment  Infection and infestations; Dermatitis  Dermatoses; infectious and Non infectious  Acne, Allergies, Eczema & Pemphigus  Psoriasis, Malignant melanoma, Alopecia  Special therapies, alternative therapies  Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary system	<ul> <li>Lecture, discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Case Discussion</li> </ul>	Drug report     Preparation of Home care plan
X	16 (T) 4 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of musculoskeletal disorders	Nursing management of patients with musculoskeletal problems  Review of Anatomy and physiology of the musculoskeletal system  Nursing Assessment: History and physical assessment, diagnostic tests  Musculoskeletal trauma: Dislocation, fracture, sprain, strain,	<ul> <li>Lecture/</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Case Discussion</li> <li>Health education</li> </ul>	Nursing care plan     Prepare health teaching on care of patient with cast

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Demonstrate skill in musculoskeletal assessment  Prepare patient for radiological and non-radiological investigations of musculoskeletal system  Demonstrate skill in crutch walking and splinting  Demonstrate skill in care of patient with replacement surgeries  Prepare and provide health education on	<ul> <li>Contusion, amputation</li> <li>Musculoskeletal infections and tumors: Osteomyelitis, benign and malignant tumour</li> <li>Orthopedic modalities: Cast, splint, traction, crutch walking</li> <li>Musculoskeletal inflammation: Bursitis, synovitis, arthritis</li> <li>Special therapies, alternative therapies</li> <li>Metabolic bone disorder: Osteoporosis, osteomalacia and Paget's disease</li> <li>Spinal column defects and deformities – tumor, prolapsed intervertebral disc, Pott's spine</li> <li>Rehabilitation, prosthesis</li> <li>Replacement surgeries</li> </ul>		
XI	20 (T) 3 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of patients with communicable diseases  Demonstrate skill in barrier and reverse barrier techniques  Demonstrate skill in execution of different isolation protocols	Nursing management of patients with Communicable diseases  Overview of infectious diseases, the infectious process  Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment, Diagnostic tests  Tuberculosis  Diarrhoeal diseases, hepatitis A-E, Typhoid  Herpes, chickenpox, Smallpox, Measles, Mumps, Influenza  Meningitis  Gas gangrene  Leprosy  Dengue, Plague, Malaria, Chikungunya, swine flu, Filariasis  Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis  COVID-19  Special infection control measures: Notification, Isolation, Quarantine, Immunization	Lecture, discussion, demonstration     Practice session     Case Discussion/seminar     Health education     Drug Book/presentation     Refer TB Control & Management module	Prepares and submits protocol on various isolation techniques

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## CLINICAL PRACTICUM

# CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 hours) - 18 weeks $\times$ 27 hours

**PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult patients undergoing surgery, with shock and fluid and electrolyte imbalance and with selected medical & surgical conditions i.e., Gastrointestinal, Respiratory, Endocrine, Orthopedic, Dermatology and Cardiovascular disorders.

The students will be competent to:

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital:
  - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care.
  - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
  - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority.
  - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach.
  - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients.
  - f. Perform nursing procedures skillfully on patients.
  - g. Establish/develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members.
  - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs.
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital.
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization.
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members.
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures.
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients.
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery.
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice.

## I. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

## A. Skill Lab

## Use of manikins and simulators

- Intravenous therapy
- Oxygen through mask
- Oxygen through nasal prongs
- Venturi mask
- Nebulization
- Chest physiotherapy

Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General medical	4	Develop skill in intravenous injection administration and IV therapy	<ul> <li>Intravenous therapy</li> <li>IV cannulation</li> <li>IV maintenance and monitoring</li> <li>Administration of IV medication</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Care Study – 1</li> <li>Health education</li> <li>Clinical presentation/ Care</li> </ul>	Clinical evaluation     OSCE     Care Study
		Assist with diagnostic procedures  Develop skill in the management of patients with Respiratory problems  Develop skill in managing patients with metabolic abnormality	<ul> <li>Care of patient with Central line</li> <li>Preparation and assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures such as thoracentesis, Abdominal paracentesis</li> <li>Management patients with respiratory problems</li> <li>Administration of oxygen through mask, nasal prongs, venturi mask</li> <li>Pulse oximetry</li> <li>Nebulization</li> <li>Chest physiotherapy</li> <li>Postural drainage</li> <li>Oropharyngeal suctioning</li> <li>Care of patient with chest drainage</li> <li>Diet Planning <ul> <li>High Protein diet</li> <li>Diabetic diet</li> </ul> </li> <li>Insulin administration</li> <li>Monitoring GRBS</li> </ul>	note) – 1	evaluation • Care Note/ Clinical presentation

## II. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SURGICAL CONDITIONS

#### A. Skill Lab

## Use of manikins and simulators

- Nasogastric aspiration
- Surgical dressing
- Suture removal
- Colostomy care/ileostomy care
- · Enteral feeding

## B. Clinical Postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General surgical wards	4	Develop skill in caring for patients during pre- and post- operative period  Assist with diagnostic procedures  Develop skill in managing patient with Gastro-intestinal Problems	Pre-Operative care  Immediate Post-operative care  Post-operative exercise  Pain assessment  Pain Management  Assisting diagnostic procedure and after care of patients undergoing  Colonoscopy  ERCP  Endoscopy  Liver Biopsy	Care study – 1     Health teaching	Clinical evaluation, OSCE Care study Care note/ Clinical presentation
		Develop skill in wound management	<ul> <li>Nasogastric aspiration</li> <li>Gastrostomy/Jejunostomy feeds</li> <li>Ileostomy/Colostomy care</li> <li>Surgical dressing</li> <li>Suture removal</li> <li>Surgical soak</li> <li>Sitz bath</li> <li>Care of drain</li> </ul>		

## III. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH CARDIAC CONDITIONS

## A. Skill Lab

#### Use of manikins and simulators

- Cardiovascular assessment
- Interpreting ECG
- BLS/BCLS
- CPR
- ABG analysis
- Taking blood sample
- Arterial blood gas analysis interpretation

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(Weeks)	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Cardiology wards	2	Develop skill in management of patients with cardiac problems  Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of Blood	<ul> <li>Cardiac monitoring</li> <li>Recording and interpreting ECG</li> <li>Arterial blood gas analysis – interpretation</li> <li>Administer cardiac drugs</li> <li>Preparation and after care of patients for cardiac catheterization</li> <li>CPR</li> <li>Collection of blood sample for:         <ul> <li>Blood grouping/cross matching</li> <li>Blood sugar</li> <li>Serum electrolytes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Assisting with blood transfusion</li> <li>Assisting for bone marrow aspiration</li> <li>Application of anti-embolism stockings (TED hose)</li> <li>Application/maintenance of sequential Compression device</li> </ul>	Cardiac assessment – 1     Drug presentation – 1	Clinical evaluation     Drug presentation

## IV. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DISORDERS OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM

## A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

Application of topical medication

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(Weeks)	Outcomes	Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Dermatology wards	1	Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of integumentary system	Intradermal injection-Skin allergy testing     Application of topical medication     Medicated bath		Clinical evaluation

## V. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

## A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing
- · Standard precautions

## B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration		Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(Weeks)		Skills	Requirements	Methods
Isolation ward	1	Develop skill in the management of patients requiring isolation	Barrier Nursing     Reverse barrier nursing     Standard precautions (Universal precaution), use of PPE, needle stick and sharp injury prevention, Cleaning and disinfection, Respiratory hygiene, waste disposal and safe injection practices)	• Care Note – 1	Clinical evaluation     Care note

## VI. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MUSCULOSKELETAL PROBLEMS

## A. Skill Lab

## Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(Weeks)		Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Orthopedic wards	2	Develop skill in management of patients with musculoskeletal problems	Preparation of patient with Myelogram/CT/MRI  Assisting with application & removal of POP/Cast  Preparation, assisting and after care of patient with Skin	• Care Note – 1	Clinical evaluation, Care note

Care of orthotics     Muscle strengthening exercises     Crutch walking		traction/skeletal traction	
		• Care of orthotics	
Crutch walking		Muscle strengthening exercises	
		Crutch walking	
Rehabilitation		Rehabilitation	

## VII. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS IN THE OPERATING ROOMS

## A. Skill Lab

## Use of manikins and simulators

- Scrubbing, gowning and gloving
- Orient to instruments for common surgeries
- Orient to suture materials
- Positioning

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(Weeks)	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Operation theatre	4	Develop skill in caring for intraoperative patients	<ul> <li>Position and draping</li> <li>Preparation of operation table</li> <li>Set up of trolley with instrument</li> <li>Assisting in major and minor operation</li> <li>Disinfection and sterilization of equipment</li> <li>Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving</li> <li>Intra operative monitoring</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assist as circulatory nurse – 4</li> <li>Positioning &amp; draping – 5</li> <li>Assist as scrub nurse in major surgeries – 4</li> <li>Assist as scrub nurse in minor surgeries – 4</li> </ul>	Clinical evaluation     OSCE

## APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND INFECTION CONTROL INCLUDING SAFETY

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER
THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

**PRACTICAL:** 1 Credit (40 hours) (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

#### SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

THEORY: 20 hours

**PRACTICAL**: 20 hours (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology, compare and contrast different microbes and comprehend the means of transmission and control of spread by various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the ubiquity and diversity of microorganisms in the human body and the environment.
- 2. Classify and explain the morphology and growth of microbes.
- 3. Identify various types of microorganisms.
- 4. Explore mechanisms by which microorganisms cause disease.
- 5. Develop understanding of how the human immune system counteracts infection by specific and non-specific mechanisms.
- 6. Apply the principles of preparation and use of vaccines in immunization.
- 7. Identify the contribution of the microbiologist and the microbiology laboratory to the diagnosis of infection.

## COURSE OUTLINE

## $T-Theory, L/E-Lab/Experiential\ Learning$

Unit	Tin	ne (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
I	3	10 (L/E)	Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and its importance in nursing	Introduction:  Importance and relevance to nursing  Historical perspective  Concepts and terminology  Principles of microbiology  General characteristics of Microbes:	Lecture cum     Discussion      Lecture cum	<ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Short answer</li> </ul>
		10 (1/12)	structure, classification morphology and	<ul> <li>Structure and classification of Microbes</li> <li>Morphological types</li> <li>Size and form of bacteria</li> <li>Motility</li> <li>Colonization</li> <li>Growth and nutrition of microbes</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Moisture</li> <li>Blood and body fluids</li> <li>Laboratory methods for Identification of Microorganisms</li> <li>Types of Staining – simple, differential (Gram's, AFB), special – capsular staining (negative), spore, LPCB, KOH mount.</li> <li>Culture and media preparation – solid and liquid. Types of media – semi synthetic, synthetic, enriched, enrichment, selective and differential media. Pure culture techniques – tube dilution, pour, spread, streak plate. Anaerobic cultivation of bacteria</li> </ul>	Discussion  Demonstration  Experiential Learning through visual	Objective type
III	4	6 (L/E)	Describe the different disease producing organisms	Pathogenic organisms  Micro-organisms: Cocci – gram positive and gram negative; Bacilli – gram positive and gram negative  Viruses  Fungi: Superficial and Deep mycoses  Parasites  Rodents & Vectors  Characteristics, Source, portal of entry, transmission of infection, Identification of disease producing micro-organisms	Lecture cum Discussion     Demonstration     Experiential learning through visual	Short answer     Objective type
IV	3	4 (L/E)	Explain the concepts of	Immunity	• Lecture	Short answer     Objective

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Time (Hrs)		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Wiethous		
			immunity, hyper sensitivity and	Immunity: Types, classification	Discussion	type		
			immunization	Antigen and antibody reaction	Demonstration	Visit report		
				Hypersensitivity reactions	Visit to observe vaccine storage     Clinical practice			
				Serological tests				
				Immunoglobulins: Structure, types & properties	• Chinical practice			
				Vaccines: Types & classification, storage and handling, cold chain, Immunization for various diseases				
				Immunization Schedule				

#### SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: 20 hours

**PRACTICAL/LAB:** 20 hours (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to help students to acquire knowledge and develop competencies required for fundamental patient safety and infection control in delivering patient care. It also focuses on identifying patient safety indicators, preventing and managing hospital acquired infections, and in following universal precautions.

#### COMPETENCIES: The students will be able to:

- 1. Develop knowledge and understanding of Hospital acquired Infections (HAI) and effective practices for prevention.
- 2. Integrate the knowledge of isolation (Barrier and reverse barrier) techniques in implementing various precautions.
- 3. Demonstrate and practice steps in Hand washing and appropriate use of different types of PPE.
- 4. Illustrate various disinfection and sterilization methods and techniques.
- 5. Demonstrate knowledge and skill in specimen collection, handling and transport to optimize the diagnosis for treatment.
- 6. Incorporate the principles and guidelines of Bio Medical waste management.
- 7. Apply the principles of Antibiotic stewardship in performing the nurses role.
- 8. Identify patient safety indicators and perform the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of International Patient Safety Goals (IPSG) in the patient care settings.
- 10. Identify employee safety indicators and risk of occupational hazards.
- 11. Develop understanding of the various safety protocols and adhere to those protocols.

#### COURSE OUTLINE

## $T-Theory,\,L/E-Lab/Experiential\,\,Learning$

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
I	2	2 (E)	Summarize the evidence based and effective patient care practices for the prevention of common healthcare associated infections in the healthcare	<ul> <li>HAI (Hospital acquired Infection)</li> <li>Hospital acquired infection</li> <li>Bundle approach</li> <li>Prevention of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI)</li> <li>Prevention of Surgical Site Infection (SSI)</li> <li>Prevention of Ventilator</li> </ul>	Lecture & Discussion     Experiential learning	<ul> <li>Knowledge assessment</li> <li>MCQ</li> <li>Short answer</li> </ul>

Unit	Tin	ne (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
			Setting	Associated events (VAE)		
				- Prevention of Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI)		
				Surveillance of HAI – Infection control team & Infection control committee		
п	3	4 (L)	Demonstrate appropriate use of different types of PPEs and the critical use of risk	Isolation Precautions and use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)  • Types of isolation system, standard precaution and transmission-based precautions (Direct Contact,	Lecture     Demonstration & Re-demonstration	Performance assessment     OSCE
			assessment	Droplet, Indirect)  • Epidemiology & Infection prevention – CDC guidelines  • Effective use of PPE		
III	1	2 (L)	Demonstrate the	Hand Hygiene	Lecture	Performance
			hand hygiene	Types of Hand hygiene.	Demonstration &	assessment
			practice and its effectiveness on infection control	Hand washing and use of alcohol hand rub	Re-demonstration	
				Moments of Hand Hygiene		
				WHO hand hygiene promotion		
IV	1	2 (E)	Illustrates	Disinfection and sterilization	Lecture	Short answer
			disinfection and sterilization in	Definitions	Discussion	Objective type
			the healthcare setting	Types of disinfection and sterilization	Experiential learning through	3 31
				Environment cleaning	visit	
				Equipment Cleaning		
				Guides on use of disinfectants		
				Spaulding's principle		
v	1		Illustrate on	Specimen Collection (Review)	Discussion	Knowledge
			what, when, how, why	Principle of specimen collection		evaluation
			specimens are	Types of specimens		• Quiz
			collected to optimize the diagnosis for	Collection techniques and special considerations		Performance assessment
			treatment and management.	Appropriate containers		Checklist
				Transportation of the sample		
				Staff precautions in handling specimens		
VI	2	2 (E)	Explain on Bio Medical waste management & laundry management	BMW (Bio Medical Waste Management)  Laundry management process and infection control and prevention	Discussion     Demonstration     Experiential learning through	Knowledge assessment by short answers, objective type     Performance
						- 1 CHOIIIIAIICE

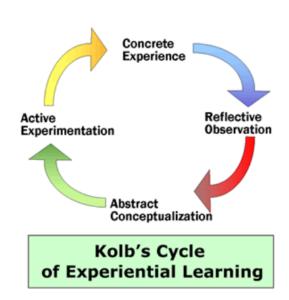
Unit	Tin	ne (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment			
	T	P	- Outcomes		Activities	Methods			
				Waste management process and infection prevention	visit	Assessment			
				Staff precautions					
				Laundry management					
				Country ordinance and BMW National guidelines 2017: Segregation of wastes, Colour coded waste containers, waste collection & storage, Packaging & labeling, Transportation					
VII	2			Antibiotic stewardship	• Lecture	Short answer			
			about Antibiotic stewardship, AMR	Importance of Antibiotic     Stewardship	Discussion	Objective type			
				Anti-Microbial Resistance	Written assignment     Recent AMR	Assessment of assignment			
			Prevention of MRSA, MDRO in healthcare setting	(Antimicrobial resistance) guidelines	toolgimion				
VIII	3	5 (L/E)	Enlist the patient	Patient Safety Indicators	• Lecture	Knowledge			
		safety indicators followed in a	Care of Vulnerable patients	Demonstration	assessment				
		health care organization a the role of nur in the patient safety audit process		Prevention of Iatrogenic injury	Experiential	Performance assessment			
			the role of nurse	Care of lines, drains and tubing's	learning	Checklist/ OSCE			
			safety audit	Restrain policy and care – Physical and Chemical					
			process	Blood & blood transfusion policy					
				Prevention of IV Complication					
				Prevention of Fall					
				Prevention of DVT					
				Shifting and transporting of patients					
				Surgical safety					
				Care coordination event related to medication reconciliation and administration					
				Prevention of communication errors					
				Prevention of HAI					
				Documentation					
				Incidents and adverse Events					
			I I	Capturing of incidents					
			Captures and analyzes	RCA (Root Cause Analysis)					
			incidents and	incidents and	incidents and		CAPA (Corrective and Preventive     Action)		
			quality	Action)		Knowledge assessment			
			improvement	Report writing	• Lecture	Short answer			

Unit	Tin	ne (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
					Role play     Inquiry Based     Learning	Objective type
IX	1		Enumerate IPSG and application of the goals in the patient care settings.	IPSG (International Patient safety Goals)  Identify patient correctly  Improve effective communication  Improve safety of High Alert medication  Ensure safe surgery  Reduce the risk of health care associated infection  Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls  Reduce the harm associated with clinical alarm system	Lecture     Role play	Objective type
X	2	3 (L/E)	Enumerate the various safety protocols and its applications	• 5S (Sort, Set in order, Shine, Standardize, Sustain) • Radiation safety • Laser safety • Fire safety • Types and classification of fire • Fire alarms • Firefighting equipment • HAZMAT (Hazardous Materials) safety • Types of spill • Spillage management • MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheets) • Environmental safety • Risk assessment • Aspect impact analysis • Maintenance of Temp and Humidity (Department wise) • Audits • Emergency Codes • Role of Nurse in times of disaster	Lecture     Demonstration/ Experiential learning	Mock drills     Post tests     Checklist
XI	2		Explain importance of employee safety	Vaccination     Needle stick injuries (NSI)	Lecture     Discussion	Knowledge assessment by short answers,

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
	Т	P	indicators  Identify risk of occupational hazards, prevention and post exposure prophylaxis.	prevention  • Fall prevention  • Radiation safety  • Annual health check  Healthcare Worker Immunization Program and management of occupational exposure  • Occupational health ordinance  • Vaccination program for healthcare staff	Lecture method     Journal review	objective type • Short answer
				Needle stick injuries and prevention and post exposure prophylaxis		

## \*Experiential Learning:

Experiential learning is the process by which knowledge iscreated through the process of experience in the clinical field. Knowledge results from the combination of grasping andtransforming experience. (Kolb, 1984). The experiential learning cycle begins with an experience that the student has had, followed by an opportunity to reflect on that experience. Then students may conceptualize and draw conclusions about what they experienced and observed, leading to future actions in which the students experiment with different behaviors. This begins the new cycle as the students have new experiences based on their experimentation. These steps may occur in nearly and order as the learning progresses. As perthe need of the learner, the concrete components and conceptual components can be in different order as they mayrequire a variety of cognitive and affective behaviors.



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#### PATHOLOGY - I

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

**THEORY:** 1 Credit (20 hours) (includes lab hours also)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions, understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathology in understanding the deviations from normal to abnormal pathology.
- 2. Rationalize the various laboratory investigations in diagnosing pathological disorders.
- 3. Demonstrate the understanding of the methods of collection of blood, body cavity fluids, urine and feces for various tests.
- 4. Apply the knowledge of genetics in understanding the various pathological disorders.
- 5. Appreciate the various manifestations in patients with diagnosed genetic abnormalities.
- 6. Rationalize the specific diagnostic tests in the detection of genetic abnormalities.
- 7. Demonstrate the understanding of various services related to genetics.

## COURSE OUTLINE

# T-Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Define the common terms	Introduction	• Lecture	Short answer
		used in	Importance of the study of pathology	Discussion	Objective type
			Definition of terms in pathology	Explain using slides	
		Identify the	Cell injury: Etiology, pathogenesis of reversible and irreversible cell injury, Necrosis, Gangrene	Explain with clinical scenarios	
		deviations from normal to abnormal	Cellular adaptations: Atrophy, Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia, Apoptosis		
		structure and	Inflammation:		
		functions of body system	Acute inflammation (Vascular and Cellular events, systemic effects of acute inflammation)		
			Chronic inflammation (Granulomatous inflammation, systemic effects of chronic inflammation)		
			Wound healing		
			Neoplasia: Nomenclature, Normal and Cancer cell, Benign and malignant tumors, Carcinoma in situ, Tumor metastasis: general mechanism, routes of spread and examples of each route		
			Circulatory disturbances: Thrombosis, embolism, shock		
			Disturbance of body fluids and electrolytes:     Edema, Transudates and Exudates		
II	5 (T)	Explain	Special Pathology	• Lecture	Short answer
		pathological changes in disease conditions of	Pathological changes in disease conditions of	Discussion	Objective type
			selected systems:	Explain using	
		various	1. Respiratory system	slides, X-rays and scans	
		systems	Pulmonary infections: Pneumonia, Lung abscess, pulmonary tuberculosis	Visit to pathology lab, endoscopy unit	
			Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease: Chronic bronchitis, Emphysema, Bronchial Asthma, Bronchiectasis	and OT	
			Tumors of Lungs		
			2. Cardio-vascular system		
			Atherosclerosis		
			Ischemia and Infarction.		
			Rheumatic Heart Disease		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Infective endocarditis		
			3. Gastrointestinal tract		
			Peptic ulcer disease (Gastric and Duodenal ulcer)		
			Gastritis-H Pylori infection		
			Oral mucosa: Oral Leukoplakia, Squamous cell carcinoma		
			Esophageal cancer		
			Gastric cancer		
			Intestinal: Typhoid ulcer, Inflammatory Bowel Disease (Crohn's disease and Ulcerative colitis), Colorectal cancer		
			4. Liver, Gall Bladder and Pancreas		
			Liver: Hepatitis, Amoebic Liver abscess, Cirrhosis of Liver		
			Gall bladder: Cholecystitis.		
			Pancreas: Pancreatitis		
			Tumors of liver, Gall bladder and Pancreas		
			5. Skeletal system		
			Bone: Bone healing, Osteoporosis, Osteomyelitis, Tumors		
			Joints: Arthritis - Rheumatoid arthritis and Osteoarthritis		
			6. Endocrine system		
			Diabetes Mellitus		
			Goitre		
			Carcinoma thyroid		

III	7 (T)	Describe various laboratory tests in assessment and monitoring of disease conditions	Hematological tests for the diagnosis of blood disorders  • Blood tests: Hemoglobin, White cell and platelet counts, PCV, ESR  • Coagulation tests: Bleeding time (BT), Prothrombin time (PT), Activated Partial Prothrombin Time (APTT)  • Blood chemistry  • Blood bank:  • Blood grouping and cross matching  • Blood components  • Plasmapheresis  • Transfusion reactions  Note: Few lab hours can be planned for observation and visits	Lecture     Discussion     Visit to clinical lab, biochemistry lab and blood bank	Short answer     Objective type
			1		

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- 12. Haber et al: Differential diagnosis in pathology, W B Saunders coy, Philadelphia, 2002.

## PHARMACOLOGY - I

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER
THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of

Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

1. Describe Pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics.

- 2. Review the principles of drug calculation and administration.
- 3. Explain the commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants.
- 4. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the GI system.
- 5. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the respiratory system.
- 6. Describe drugs used in the treatment of cardiovascular and blood disorders.
- 7. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of endocrine system disorders.
- 8. Describe the drugs acting on skin and drugs used to treat communicable diseases.

# COURSE OUTLINE

# $\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
I	3 (T)	Describe Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, Classification, principles of administration of drugs	Introduction to Pharmacology	Lecture cum     Discussion     Guided reading and     written assignment     on schedule K drugs	Short answer
			Definitions & Branches		Objective type
			Nature & Sources of drugs		Assessment of assignments
			Dosage Forms and Routes of drug administration		
			Terminology used		
			Classification, Abbreviations,     Prescription, Drug Calculation, Weights     and Measures		
			Pharmacodynamics: Actions, Drug Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance, Receptors, Therapeutic, adverse, toxic effects, pharmacovigilance		
			Pharmacokinetics: Absorption,     Bioavailability, Distribution,     Metabolism, Interaction, Excretion		
			Review: Principles of drug administration and treatment individualization		
			o Factors affecting dose, route etc.		
			Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal Issues, Drug Laws, Schedule Drugs		
			Rational Use of Drugs		
			Principles of Therapeutics		
II	1 (T)	Describe antiseptics, and disinfectant &	Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants	Lecture cum     Discussion	Short answer     Objective type
		nurse's responsibilities	Antiseptics and Disinfectants	Drug study/	
			Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications,     Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	presentation	
III		T) Describe drugs acting on gastro-intestinal system & nurse's responsibilities	Drugs acting on G.I. system	Lecture cum     Discussion     Drug study/     presentation	Short answer
			Pharmacology of commonly used drugs		Objective type
			o Emetics and Antiemetics		
			Laxatives and Purgatives		
			Antacids and antipeptic ulcer drugs		
			O Anti-diarrhoeals – Fluid and electrolyte therapy, Furazolidone, dicyclomine		
			Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
IV	2 (T)	Describe drugs acting	Drugs acting on respiratory system	• I acture oum	Short answer
IV	2(1)	on respiratory system & nurse's responsibilities	Pharmacology of commonly used	Lecture cum Discussion     Drug study/ presentation	
			Antiasthmatics – Bronchodilators		Objective type
			(Salbutamol inhalers)		
			o Decongestants		
			Expectorants, Antitussives and Mucolytics		
			o Broncho-constrictors and Antihistamines		
			Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse		
V	4 (T)	Describe drugs used on cardio-vascular system & nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used in treatment of Cardiovascular system and blood disorders	Lecture cum Discussion     Drug study/ presentation	Short answer     Objective type
			Haematinics, & treatment of anemia and antiadrenergics		
			Cholinergic and anticholinergic		
			Adrenergic Drugs for CHF & vasodilators		
			Antianginals		
			Antiarrhythmics		
			Antihypertensives		
			Coagulants & Anticoagulants		
			Antiplatelets & thrombolytics		
			Hypolipidemics		
			Plasma expanders & treatment of shock		
			Drugs used to treat blood disorders		
			Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
VI	2 (T)	Describe the drugs used in treatment of	Drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders	Lecture cum     Discussion	Short answer     Objective type
		endocrine system disorders	Insulin & oral hypoglycemics	Drug study/ presentation	
			Thyroid and anti-thyroid drugs		
			• Steroids		
			○ Corticosteroids		
			○ Anabolic steroids		
			Calcitonin, parathormone, vitamin D3, calcium metabolism		
			o Calcium salts		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
VII	1 (T)	Describe drugs used in skin diseases & nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used in treatment of integumentary system  Antihistaminics and antipruritics  Topical applications for skin-Benzylbenzoate, Gamma BHC, Clotrimazole, Miconazole, Silver Sulphadiazine (burns)  Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse	Lecture cum     Discussion     Drug study/     presentation	Short answer     Objective type
VIII	5 (T)	Explain drug therapy/ chemotherapy of specific infections & infestations & nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used in treatment of communicable diseases (common infections, infestations)  General Principles for use of Antimicrobials  Pharmacology of commonly used drugs:  Penicillin, Cephalosporin's, Aminoglycosides, Macrolide & broad spectrum antibiotics, Sulfonamides, quinolones, Misc. antimicrobials  Anaerobic infections  Antitubercular drugs,  Antimalarials  Antiretroviral drugs  Antiviral agents  Antihelminthics, Antiscabies agents  Antifungal agents  Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	Lecture cum Discussion     Drug study/ presentation	Short answer     Objective type

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